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The Daily Colonist.

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VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1901.

FORTY-THIRD YEAR

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HALL, GOEPPEL & COMPANY,
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The designs we are showing in every line are particularly handsome.

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We carry the largest stock of groceries and provisions in the Province, and handling the great bulk of the NORTHERN TRADE, we can offer special advantages to Traders and Miners.

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The cut price sale of our hot weather specialties of Canned Goods is like picking up money. You can't afford to pass it by. Forestall regret by buying now. The regular price of these goods is 35c. tins. ARMOUR'S CORNED BEEF, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S ROAST BEEF, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S BROWN, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S PIG'S FEET, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S MUTTON, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S KIDNEYS, 2 lb. tins...25c. ARMOUR'S MINCED COLLOPS, 2 lb. tins...25c.

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ONLY FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

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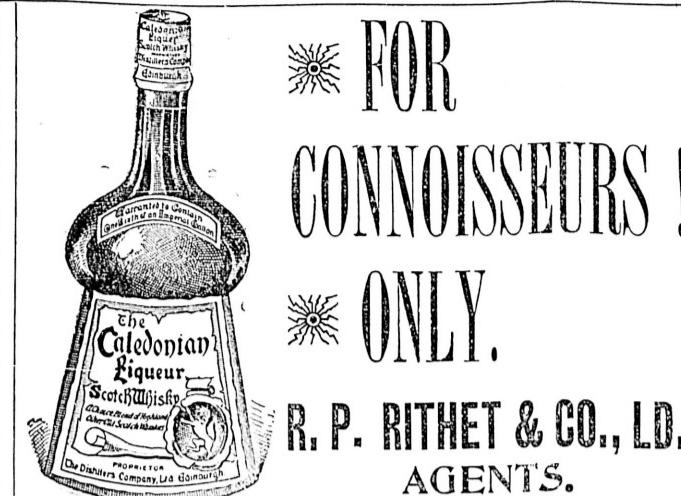
FORT STREET.

FOR THE SHOOTING SEASON EX LARGO LAW

A Full Stock of Curtis' and Harvey's Famous AMBERITE SMOKELESS GUNPOWDER AND LOADED CARTRIDGES.

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TIN PLATES BAR COPPER PIG LEAD
PIG IRON SALT CAUSTIC SODA
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ALSO: CEMENT, PIG IRON, BAR IRON, CANADA PLATE, FIRE
BRICK, FIRE CLAY, WIRE ROPE, ETC.

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

Shipping and Commission Merchants, Victoria and Vancouver

Pither & Leiser

Importers and Wholesalers
VICTORIA, B. C.

Bullards' Hardware

WE CARRY A FULL LINE OF

LOCKS
SASH LOCKS
TAR PAPER
TAR FELT

SHEATHING
NAILS
SASH CORD
SASH WEIGHTS, ETC

THE BICKMAN TYE HARDWARE CO. LTD.

32 and 34 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

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IF YOU WANT THE
BEST OF

SUMMER DRINKS

DRINK
OTRAGE
COOLS & REFRESHES MADE FROM
LEMONS & CITRONS

Warranted Pure
From
The Fruit

At All Bars and Refreshment
Stands.

Thorpe & Co. Limited

Healthy Chickens

To have healthy fowls they have to be kept clean and fed properly, especially young chicks. For chicken fowls use Lee's Lice Killer, or Lambs' Death to Lee's. For chick growth, use Chlp meal, prepared meat, serum and tonics. To be had from Mr. FOX, 78 Govt St. Post Office, 12 Store street, VICTORIA & N. Railway.

Mining Shares

Our list of correspondents includes every mining centre in the West, and we can buy and sell B. C. mining stock at a greater advantage to our clients than any other broker.

E. A. HARRIS & CO.

Real Estate and Mining
Brokers

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For first class dental work go to Dr. H. MAX, 113 Government street. Importer of an apparatus for electric inflate, and improved plates.

Mining Shares

Shares for sale in all B. C. mines. For quotations call at our office. We receive daily by wire the quotations and sales of the Mining Exchanges of Rossland and Toronto. We do a strictly Commission business, and have no shares of our own to sell or manipulate.

A. W. MORE & CO. Ltd.

88 Government St. next Bank of
Montreal.

REMEMBER THE
Star Cigar and Stationery Store

Opposite the Dillard Hotel, 9 View Street.

Best Cigars, Cigarettes and
Tobaccos kept in Stock

Also Latest Papers and Magazines.
A. EDWARDS, Prop.

Salmon Trolling

Has begun. We have a complete stock of Lines, Spoons, Rods, Reels and Gaffs, etc.

FOX'S, 78 Govt St

Fired on The Mob

Wild Attempt at Ashville, Alabama to Lynch a Condemned Negro.

Sheriff Warned the Crowd and Then Stood Siege in Court House.

Several of the Assassins Shot in the Fight That Followed.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 22.—A staff correspondent of the Birmingham News telegraphs from Ashville, St. Clare county, today, saying that in a battle which occurred there at 1 o'clock between Sheriff North's posse and a mob of 400 men, who were seeking to lynch James Brown, a negro from Springville, three men were wounded, two fatally.

The mob dispersed for the time being. Brown was tried at a special term of court this morning and sentenced to be hanged on September 20. The trial lasted two hours and the jury was out eleven minutes. When it became noised about that the court had directed the sheriff to take the prisoner back to Birmingham for safe-keeping a mob surrounded the court house, where Brown was being guarded by Sheriff North and deputies. The mob demanded the prisoner and the sheriff informed them that he would shoot the first man that put his foot on the court house steps.

In a few minutes one of the mob dashed in the steps firing a revolver. A gun was fired in return. The sheriff's force fired through the windows and doors and the mob retreated firing as they went.

Walter Blankenship was shot through the head. Arthur Blankenship was shot in the head and shoulders with buckshot. Both will die. A boy named Harry was shot in the head. Owing to heavy rain, the mob sought shelter in nearby stores. The sheriff is still in the court house, and is trying to open communication with the governor in order to get troops. Another attack on the court house is feared.

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NOT YET SIGNED.

Chinese Emperor Slow About Replying to His Officials.

Pekin, Aug. 22.—The Chinese peace commissioners have not yet signed the settlement protocol. Prince Ching, president of the foreign office, telegraphed to the Emperor requesting an edict empowering him to sign, but no reply was received. He telegraphed again today in strong terms and says he expects a speedy answer. Li Hung Chang has had a serious attack of sickness, the result of over-exertion in connection with the conference. He is better today.

SIR GEORGE BURTON DEAD.

He Was Formerly Justice of Supreme Court of Ontario.

Toronto, Ont., Aug. 22.—(Special)—Sir George Burton, formerly Chief Justice is dead.

Sir George William Burton was born at Sandwich, England, in 1818, and came to Canada in 1829. He was called to the Ontario bar in 1842, was appointed a judge of the Court of Appeal in 1874, and Chief Justice and president of the Supreme court of Judicature of Ontario in 1897.

COBBLEDICK MINE.

One Body Struck on Four Hundred Foot Level.

Vancouver, Aug. 22.—(Special)—The one body in the Cobble Dick mine, Philips Arm, has been struck in the thousand foot drift at a depth of 400 feet, making the fourth tunnel to tap the ore. There has been little newspaper talk about this big proposition, but an enormous amount of work has been done to prove up the property. The vein is said to be over 100 feet wide.

ANOTHER RAILWAY.

South Shore Road to be Extended to Atlantic Coast.

Montreal, Aug. 22.—(Special)—The first steps have been taken by prominent New York capitalists to secure a through line from Montreal to the Atlantic port. They have acquired control of the South Shore Railway, and at a meeting today an issue of bonds sufficient to continue the line to Pointe à la Haie was authorized.

HARVEY STEEL COMPANY.

Meeting of Two Corporations Agree to Amalgamation.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Meetings of the Harvey Steel Company of Great Britain and the Harvey United Steel Co. agreed to the sale of the companies to the Harvey United Steel Company. It is understood that a New Jersey company is actively interested in the consolidation.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Lieut. Cyril Moore of Baden-Powell Constabulary Dead.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—(Special)—News has reached here of the death in action near Harrismith, South Africa, of Lt. Cyril Moore, of the Baden-Powell Constabulary, a son of Col. J. G. Moore, of this city.

Up to last night there were \$40,000 cash up on the Fraser, and as there are still a large number of feet of the river, the million mark will doubtless be reached.

The Pacific Coast pack has used up every can in the country and every sheet of tin. All old cannery supplies have been cleaned out and all outstanding accounts with the fishermen have been paid in full. Many of the white fishermen desire to discontinue fishing and require all money due them. The cannery are keeping many of them at work with difficulty. The Japs seem willing to keep it until the finish.

THE CZAR.

Belgian Story That He Will Interfere in South Africa.

Brussels, Aug. 22.—The Independence Ridge today published a despatch from Copenhagen which says that the Czar is currently reported in Russian circles that the Czar has decided to bring South Africa intervention to Emperor William, and President Lourenco. He considers the time opportune for friendly mediation.

The paper adds, under reserve, that the Czar during his stay in France will receive Mr. Kruger in private audience, and obtain from him a direct statement of the Boer position with a view of formulating a plan for action.

BACK AGAIN.

Tax Collector Gets Back Home and All Is Forgiven.

Bellerive, Aug. 22.—(Special)—Tax Collector Butterfield, who disappeared about three months ago, has returned to the city. His shortage, which was about \$17,500, has been made up.

EDITOR DEAD.

He Founded First German Paper in Winnipeg.

Winnipeg, Aug. 22.—(Special)—Henry Brueggemann, founder of Winnipeg's German paper, Der Nordwesten, is dead at San Diego, Calif.

Frenchman

And Turk

Officials at Paris Are Reluctant and Ominous Rumors Are Set Afloat.

Sultan's Ambassador Absent, Subordinates Appear to Be Indifferent.

Approaching Visit of Czar Diverts Attention From More Serious Question.

Paris, Aug. 22.—According to the foreign office officials this afternoon there is no news and no change in the Turkish situation. It was noticeable that the officials were more reticent than yesterday. While reasserting that no naval demonstration is contemplated, they refuse to confirm or deny the truth of the news contained in special despatches, saying that three battleships and a cruiser which arrived at Toulon this morning are taking coal and provisions on board. They said they had no information on the subject. Perhaps it is not lacking in significance that M. Deschanel, president of the chamber of deputies, who was attending the council-general at Chartres, suddenly went to Rambouillet this morning to see President Louvet, and also that M. Delesse, the minister of foreign affairs, returns to Paris tomorrow to attend a special meeting of the cabinet, called, it is asserted, to arrange the programme for the reception and entertainment of the Czar.

In the meanwhile the Turkish ambassador, Munir Bey, is absent, and at the Turkish embassy only minor officials are visible. They assume an air of absolute indifference and ignorance of the whole matter.

Most of the diplomats are away for the summer holidays, hence it is difficult to obtain a consensus of opinion. Talking to the correspondent of the Associated Press, one of the oldest officials who has been connected with the diplomatic corps for over twenty-five years, said:

"The Sultan's hand contains one trump just now. It is not likely that France will run the risk of opening the question on the eve of the Czar's visit."

The newspapers here under the influence of the overwhelming joy at the Czar's approaching visit, are paying scant attention to Constantinople, and generally are taking the view that the matter will soon be settled to France's satisfaction.

The coming of the Czar is causing intense satisfaction throughout the country. The council-generals are now sitting and even those in which the opponents of the government are in the majority are in resolutions warmly congratulating President Louvet and the ministry on the occasion of the Czar's visit, which is regarded as a happy result of the government's foreign policy.

FOOT POWDER

Just the thing for those aching, swollen, perspiring feet. A little dusted into the shoes will keep the feet in excellent condition.

25c. A BOX.

GEO. MORISON & CO., The Leading Druggists

55 Government St.

ARMENIAN MASSACRES.

No Special Developments in the Situation For Day.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 22.—Aside from the partial equipment of the Star plant of the American Tin Plate Co. and the preparation for its immediate resumption of business, there were no special developments in the strike situation in this city today. No further trouble occurred at the Pennsylvania Tube Works and at all other strike points, quiet reigns. The incident at the Star plant this morning is given as an example of special significance, and to use an Amalgamated official's expression shows that the men have been educated to the knowledge that their strongest weapon in such cases is silence and submission until it is demonstrated that the mills cannot be operated successfully without the aid of skilled men now in its strike.

The steel men on the other hand are highly pleased with their success in managing the Star plant, and say that if the men they secure are not molested, it will be only a short time until all of their mills will be in full operation and doing good work. While the strikers claim that four of the new men at the Star plant have deserted the company, and say that others would leave if they could get out of the mill, Superintendent Harper maintains that he has 100 men at work, that none have deserted, and that the men can go and come from the mills as they please. Mr. Harper says that the plant will be in smooth running order tonight, and he apprehends no further difficulty in its operation.

The Painter mill has 250 men at work, and the management expects to be running full handed by next week. Two mills are being operated at the Lindsay and McCorleth plant. No sign of a break in the Carnegie upper and lower iron plants made its appearance today.

McKeenport is still completely tied up, but an attempt may be made to start the Domtar Tin Works tonight with men secured from outside points. At Irondale the Tin Plate Company gained another victory today by the successful start of one of the rolls. There are said to be enough men in the plant to man one mill one turn, and the company officials say now that the break has been made, they will get back the men.

ARE AMERICAN CITIZENS.

Chinese Born in Honolulu Have Same Rights as White.

Honolulu, Aug. 14, via San Francisco, Aug. 22.—United States Judge Estes has rendered a decision in which he declares that all the Chinese born in the Hawaiian Islands are American citizens, no matter what government they were born under.

Arrangements have been made by Territorial Treasurer Wright whereby the registered warrants that are outstanding will all be paid by borrowing \$150,000 from two local banks.

A special meeting of the Plasterers' Association has been called to discuss the labor question. There is a shortage of labor throughout the group. No more negroes are wanted as they have not proved good workers, and have been very troublesome.

The plumbers' strike, which has been in progress for over a year, has been amicably settled. The plumbers demanded \$6 a day. A compromise was effected at \$5.50 a day.

A deal is said to be on between the Wilde Steamship Company and the Inter-Island Steam Navigation Company, to consolidate the two companies. They have control of nearly all the inter-island passenger and freight traffic, running about 25 steamers.

The question of the constitution and the flag is not yet settled in Hawaii as applicable to criminal matters. The Supreme court has just begun a special term to consider the cases of a number of prisoners released by the Circuit court on the ground that they were entirely convicted, because, after annexation, they were found guilty and received sentences of nine years. The Supreme court here heard lengthy arguments on the question yesterday. There are about 25 convicted men whose cases depend on the decision of the question, and civil interests are also at stake.

CLAIM A VICTORY.

Liberal Party in Colombia Say They Have Won Important Fight.

New York, Aug. 22.—Dr. Restrepo, diplomatic agent of the Liberal party, now attempting to take possession of the government in Colombia, received a despatch today from the Liberal agent at Quito, announcing another battle with the government forces. The despatch was as follows: "Quito, Aug. 20.—The expected battle near Pasto was fought on Saturday, the 17th, and the Liberal generals, Legio Perez and Rosas, won a triumph over the clericals.

Through his secretary, Dr. Restrepo explained that Pasto, where the battle was reported to have been fought, was in the extreme southern part of Colombia, 200 miles from where Gen. Uribe Uribe was operating, and that it indicated a successful execution of the plans of campaign mapped out by Gen. Uribe Uribe and forwarded to the commanding officers of the other Liberal forces before the general left New York early in the summer.

SLOCAN MIXING SALE.

Bond Taken Up and Payment Made for Speculator Group.

Nelson, Aug. 22.—The Rico Wilab Mining Company of San Francisco, has taken up the bond on the \$49,000 to the vendors. The group includes five claims upon which there is a very good showing. They also the well-known Arlington group, which is being worked by the same company.

All disorders caused by a bilious state of the system can be cured by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. No pain, gnawing or discomfort attending their use. Try them.

MARTELL'S THREE STAR BRANDY.

AT ALL BARS AND RESTAURANTS

OF ALL WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

Victoria Team For Saturday

Strong Combination to Play in Championship Lacrosse Match.

Lawyers Ready to Do Battle on the Diamond at Oak Bay Park.

The team which is to represent Victoria in the great match at New Westminster on Saturday with the lacrosse champions has been selected, and is even stronger than the team which played the Royal City men to a standstill in this city last month. Lorimer has been removed to outside home, which position he is much better suited for, and his place in inside home is to be taken by Spain, who if he plays in his old form will be a tower of strength to the Victorians. E. Burns will be back in his old place on the defence field, he having again taken up his residence in Victoria. As he played splendidly across with the Vancouver Y. M. C. A. during the early part of the season much is expected of him. The other players are the same who took part in the last match with New Westminster, the team being as follows: Goalie, Norman; pmt., C. Cullin; cover point, E. Miller; defence field, F. Cullin, E. Burns, Smith, Tite and Wilson; outside home Lorimer; inside home, Spain; reserves, Plain and Dimmick; field captain, W. E. Detlefsen.

LACROSSE CHAMPIONSHIP.

Toronto Telegram Recognizes British Columbia's Claim to Take Part.

In connection with the lacrosse championships the Toronto Telegram says:

"Those British Columbia chaps are exceeding strong, particularly from the Miners cup, and according to an Ottawa despatch now have a man on the way east to try and arrange a game for it to take place in British Columbia. What this man will accomplish depends on the inducements he can offer—and they will have to be great indeed to induce any eastern league champions to pack their thwain and depart for the coast; in fact they would almost have to include a guarantee that the holders of the cup would be allowed to retain it no matter how the game might result. After last summer's experience the fast eastern players know how dangerous it is to play anything but 'exhibition' games with the far western folk."

"However, there is a chance that the British Columbia folk may get some eastern lacrosse this fall at much less than the price they generally have to pay for it. Bradford has a team that the natives are rather proud of, and it is in a fair way of dominating the C. A. championship. If Mr. Jess MacLean, Fred Westhead is figuring on a trip that will take in the entire western country, Gameday will be arranged at Sainte Marie, Copperfield, Sandspit, Brandon, Regina, Edmonton, New Westminster, Victoria, Vancouver and Nanaimo. And if the trip is finally arranged, the western people need not be afraid that the visitors will play fast enough lacrosse. They are today one of the strongest—if not the strongest—aggregations of lacrosse talent in Canada."

TENNIS AT VANCOUVER.

Miss Goward and Cornwall Eligible for Semi-Finals.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 22.—(Special) In the tennis tournament today, Miss Bauer defeated Miss Goward; R. B. Powell defeated Farquhar in the handicap singles; Miss Goward and F. T. Cornwall won in the mixed doubles, and are eligible for the semi-finals.

EAST INDIANS.

Staff Appointments to Be Given Some of Them in the Army.

Lord Curzon's action in securing the consent of King Edward to the grant of a number of commissions to the sons of Indian princes and nobles marks an entirely new and exceedingly politic departure in the history of Great Britain's huge Oriental empire, writes the Marquis de Fontenay. There are already some 3,000 natives of good birth holding commissions as subaltern officers in the Indian army.

It is precisely among the princely houses of India and among the great nobles that the military instinct is most strongly developed, and the only satisfaction which has been given thereto until now has been when King Edward, while still Prince of Wales, secured with great difficulty from the late Queen and from the war department the appointment of the Maharaja of Cash Behar and the Maharaja Pertab Singh to be his attendants-de-cadet with the honorary rank of colonel. But with this exception nothing has been done for the Indian prince and no steps have been taken to turn to the advantage of the British crown their loyalty, their prestige and their military tastes.

According to the new scheme of King Edward and of Lord Curzon, a number

of commissions, not for regimental employment, but for positions on the staff, will be assigned each year to the most promising pupils of the four great colleges at Indore, Raikot, Lahore and Ajmer, where none but the sons of princes and of great nobles are received for education. On leaving these schools they will be subjected to a special course of two years' military training under picked English officers, and at the end of the course, having satisfied the military authorities that they possess the average instruction of English staff officers, they will receive commissions on the staff, which will enable them to be employed as members of the staff of the King, of the English royal princes, of the Viceroys, the governors and of the commanding generals.

The King is credited with the intention of appointing quite a large number of Indian princes to the position of A. D. C. to himself, with the honorary rank of colonel, and it is understood that the Duke of Cornwall and the Viceroy are likewise to have aides recruited from among the princes and great nobles of the Indian empire.

The innovation has been warmly ap-

proved by Lord Roberts, whose long

term of service as commander-in-

chief of the British and native arm-

ies, in which he spent forty years of his mil-

itary career, enabled him to speak with

authority on the subject. The aristocratic sentiment is strong throughout India, and the prestige and influence enjoyed by the princes and great nobles of the masses are enormous. The action of the King in satisfying the military aspirations of his Indian princes and nobles and of fostering their loyalty by attaching them more closely to his service in positions of honor can only be regarded as politic in the extreme.

HER FIRST SPIN.

Shamrock II. Has a Short Run in New York Harbor.

New York, Aug. 22.—Sir Thomas Lipton's new challenger for the America Cup, Shamrock II., was out for a spin in New York harbor today, and although it only lasted about 90 minutes, it was a most satisfactory performance from start to finish. Sir Thomas Lipton and Designer Watson, both of whom were on board the yacht during her trial, expressed themselves as perfectly satisfied with the result. In sailing about eight miles dead to windward against a 2-knot tide, she covered the distance in 57 minutes, and the reach back of six miles in forty minutes. The wind was fresh and fairly steady from about south by east, and of from 10 to 12 knots strength. The yacht carried mainsail, working topsail, stays and jib. After the yacht's anchor was down, Sir Thomas boarded the Associated Press tug, and told the reporters that the Shamrock would go out for a long trial spin tomorrow, extending down Sandy Hook and perhaps, if there was clear weather and a good breeze, might even try to cover the America's Cup course outside the hook or 15 miles to windward and back. Sir Thomas, with a party of guests, will go to Oyster Bay in the Erin on Saturday, to witness the race between the Constitution and Columbia on Long Island Sound, under the management of the Seawanhaka Corinthian Yacht club, whose guests he will be at dinner that day.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your biliousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

CRESCEUS AGAIN.

Keen Race But Does Not Equal His Record.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 22.—The celebrated Cresceus, who through his record of 20 2/4 is the king of all trotters and leader of the turf, was the magnet today to draw almost 15,000 people to the Grand Circuit here. As a sort of recognition of the favors shown him in the way of applause, when he appeared on the track, the chestnut horse proceeded in the second seat of his winning race with Lord Derby and Charley Heer to lower the track record for the mile by three quarters of a second and the world's record of final quarters by trotting that distance in 20 2/4. By this latter performance Cresceus lowered the record of 20 seconds for the final quarter, which he himself made at Detroit about a month ago when he did the mile in 20 2/4. The accomplishment of today was not the fastest quarter of all kinds, for Peter the Great and Tommy Britton did the second quarter of a heat at Lexington, Ky., several years ago in 20 2/4 seconds. Something of the interest was removed from the free-for-all trot for a purse of \$2,500 when Charley Heer, who was driven by the owner, was distanced in the first heat, thus leaving the affair to Cresceus and Lord Derby, and there were some who saw the big race who believed that the Goers gelding would have done something wonderful in the second and last heat had he not been running home, for on the last half of the heat he was in front of the other two trotters. All the horses got a good position at the starting and when they were off in the first heat, Lord Derby led the pace with Lord Derby beside him and Cresceus on the outside. At the three-quarters Lord Derby was breathing onto Ketchem's back. Coming home the driver got all he could out of Lord Derby, but the mighty strides of Cresceus brought him ahead by a half length. The time was 20 2/4.

In the second heat Cresceus drew away from Lord Derby until at the half he was two lengths to the good. At the three-quarter the Kentucky horse had his nose at Cresceus' wheel, and a little later he was ahead of Cresceus but at that moment Lord Derby broke, and it was all over.

JEFFRIES-RUHLIN.

A Hitch in the Preliminaries for Proposed Fight.

San Francisco, Cal., Aug. 22.—A hitch has arisen in the arrangements for the proposed Jeffries-Ruhlin fight. When the fighters' representatives met today with those of the local clubs no sealed bids for the fight were in evidence. It was announced that the clubs had agreed not to put in bids until certain clauses of the agreement were made by the fighters on Tuesday, should be modified. The clubs wish to have the \$200 bond eliminated, also the one pertaining to the referee. The clubs object to Geo. Siler for referee, on the ground that the supervisors will not issue a permit if referees shall be chosen outside of the state. It is developed that the clubs have an understanding with each other, and are willing to give up 65 per cent. of the receipts. Madden and Delaney are holding out for 65 per cent. and \$500 training expenses.

SPORT NOTE.

In the cricket match between Vancouver and Portland teams yesterday, Vancouver won by over a hundred runs.

The race for the Canadian cup, which was postponed last Saturday on account of strong tide and the very light wind prevailing, will take place next Saturday. The preparatory gun will be fired at 2:25 p. m., and the start will take place at 2:30 p. m.

WILL TRY AGAIN.

Victoria Lawyer Ball Team Return From Their Trip.

The members of the lawyers' baseball team who returned home from Vancouver last evening are determined in the match to be played at the Oak Bay grounds on Saturday afternoon to wipe out the defeat they suffered on Wednesday. The fact that it required ten innings to decide the game at Vancouver is a guarantee that a close and exciting game will be seen here.

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for education. On leaving these schools

they will be subjected to a special course

of two years' military training under

picked English officers, and at the end

of the course, having satisfied the

military authorities that they possess

the average instruction of English staff

officers, they will receive commissions

on the staff, which will enable them to be

employed as members of the staff of the

King, of the English royal princes, of

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The Colonist.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1901

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 PERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

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 Six Months 3 00

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One Year \$1 50
 Six Months 75
 Three Months 40
 Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted, should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p.m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p.m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p.m., consult the Night Editor.

\$10 REWARD
 Will be paid for such information as will lead to the conviction of anyone stealing the Colonist from the doors of subscribers.

VICTORIA'S SUBURBS.

The News-Advertiser seems to be under the impression that the reason the Victoria papers referred to the suburbs of this city was to make a better showing as compared with Vancouver. This is quite a mistake. It is inevitable that some towns will be larger than others, and for a year or so the people of this city have been quite ready to admit that more people lived within the municipal limits of Vancouver than within those of Victoria. The reference to the Victoria suburbs was to show that unless these are taken into account it is impossible to correctly appreciate the importance of this centre of population. While there may be under 21,000 people residing within the municipal limits of Victoria, there are nearly a third as many more who are Victorians to all intents and purposes. The four thousand mentioned as indicated by the Directory do not include the naval and military population at Esquimalt or Work Point, and yet these are as much a part of the population of Victoria as if they lived within the city limits. We fancy that it could be demonstrated that this is the largest centre of population in the province, but we are not concerned about that. All we wish to do is to show the people of Victoria, and such others as may be supposed to be interested, that the figures of the Census, even conceding them to be absolutely accurate, which is unlikely, do not give a correct idea of what Victoria is, either from the standpoint of population or business. Of course a similar observation may be made in regard to Vancouver, but it will necessarily be much more limited in its application, the relation of the suburbs of that city to the municipality not being nearly as important as those of Victoria's suburbs to this city. But we repeat that we have no desire to make comparisons. Vancouver is the larger city of the two, and we have only congratulations for our neighbour upon its growth. Indeed, we thought it had grown much more.

NEED FOR A CHANGE.

In the old form of oath that used to be administered to justices of the peace and other crown officers, the person taking it swore that he believed "no foreign prince, prelate or potentate hath or ought to have power or dominion within these realms." The object of such an oath was to see that only such persons held office as were loyal to the institutions of the nation. The person chiefly aimed at in the oath was the Pope, who was supposed to be instant in season and out of season in his efforts to bring the kingdom under his sway. We were told then, and by the people who claimed to be liberal and progressive in their thoughts and aims, that it would be an insufferable thing to permit the people of Britain to be subjected even in the slightest degree to a power not responsible to them. It was the boast of those days that the British people were sufficient to themselves, that the British Constitution was equal to all demands upon it, and that a man was safe in his person, estate and civil rights by trusting to the institutions within the realm. In this latter day we are seeing a change. A very large number of people look for protection, not to themselves nor to the institutions of their country, but to aliens and foreign influences. To be explicit, we may point to the case of the trackmen's strike on the Canadian Pacific. We have repeatedly declined to express any opinion upon the merits of this strike, except in a very general way, but when we are told that the only obstacle to a settlement is the refusal of one man, who is not and never was an employee of the company, and there

fore can have no grievance against it, who is not and never was a British subject, who is not and never was a resident of Canada, and who knows nothing about British institutions, but whose opinions are based upon the working of the inelastic rules of the Constitution of the United States, we think it time to express a very decided opinion, and it is, that if there is no law to prevent alien busbodies from interfering with the affairs of the people of the Dominion, it is time one was enacted. There is no more reason why an alien should be permitted to go through this country sowing the seeds of industrial confusion, than there is why he should be allowed to preach sedition. The proper place for such people is behind good stone walls. If a Canadian, who is a British subject, wishes to take any course which in his opinion is requisite in order to protect himself and others like him from oppression, we will not say a word, provided he draws the line at violence or intimidation, or, in other words, as long as he uses his own freedom so that he does not interfere with the freedom of others; but for the alien demagogue who has no toleration whatever, and we submit it to be the duty of the federal government to introduce into parliament such a law as deal rigorously with such mischief-makers.

THE AMERICA'S CUP.

Sir Thomas Lipton had a fine reception in New York. He deserved it, for he is a fine fellow. He has pluck, liberality and withal modesty to recommend him. He loses like a gentleman, and if he wins he will win like one. It is impossible not to admire a man like Lipton, whose ability in the business world is as conspicuous as his enthusiasm in yachting. Every one in Canada hopes he will win. It has been pointed out that a challenger necessarily is handicapped. The America went across the Atlantic under her own canvas and won the cup, and it is a part of the conditions of the race that every challenger shall come to this Continent under her own canvas. The rule has been relaxed sufficiently to permit of the yacht taking a few under certain conditions, but even then it is evident that a vessel that is fit for a trans-Atlantic cruise is something more than a mere racing machine. On the other hand, the racers can be built without taking into account their ability to make a long sea voyage. To what extent this possible difference in construction may be a handicap upon the challenger we do not profess to know, and perhaps no one can say with certainty. We only know that it is said to have that effect.

The coming race will attract even more attention than any of the preceding ones, and largely because Sir Thomas Lipton has come back for a second trial. All the world loves a man who has the courage to try again. Sir Thomas says he wants good sailing breezes. There speaks the British sailor. No drifting for him. He wants to see the white caps on the waves, and a wet deck has no terrors for him. May the breezes blow and may Shamrock carry the cup back with her!

A PRETTY PROBLEM.

The United States judge in Honolulu has decided that all Chinese born in Hawaii, no matter under what government, have become citizens of the United States by virtue of the acquisition of those islands. This presents a very pretty problem. We are not sure, if the ruling is sustained by the Supreme Court of the United States, that it will not convert a large number of Chinamen in the United States into citizens of that country. For example, the act declaring the Territory of Washington a state says that all the residents of a certain piece of territory are thereby declared to constitute the State of Washington. This was in 1889, we think. Now there were a good many Chinamen living in the old territory of Washington, and it is at least open to debate if they were not thereby made citizens of the state and of the past.

The Toronto Globe draws attention to the fact that Manitoba, the Territories and British Columbia are gaining more rapidly in population, relatively, than the corresponding parts of the United States. Thus Oregon and Washington increased 45 per cent., while British Columbia gained over 100 per cent., and the comparison might be carried further.

The story that the Czar is going to interfere in South Africa is doubtless publish. Russia does not want a first-class war on her hands, with a famine threatening half her European possessions and Japan ready to drive her from the Pacific Coast of Asia.

The fact that the Flossie, a short time before the Islander went down, saw low-lying ice-berg in the track followed by the steamers from Skagway, makes it absolutely needless to suggest that the steamer was out of her course and struck a rock.

Mr. Fisher would act wisely to let the Census of 1891 alone. No matter what his special returns seem to establish, no one will accept them as worthy anything at all.

HONOR TO WHOM HONOR.

To the Editor.

In your issue of Tuesday last, there appeared a letter describing a trip from Victoria to Sidney and thence by steamer to Victoria, then by land to the mainland, and of the enjoyment of time present, and on the courtesy of the Victoria & Gulf Railway Company, and of the Princess Royal Inn. It is said which is not amply borne out by the facts, that your kindly correspondent comes to the subject of my little church, I know he will not say with much sincerity, but I hope to correct some statements which might mislead.

The Little church of St. Mary Magdalene, which stands in the centre of "The Valley," in the city of Victoria, was designed by Mr. G. K. Ross, of this city, who, you may remember was the prize taken in the open competition for plans of a new cathedral; and was built by Mr. J. C. Ross, of Victoria. The furniture of native oak, and the lining and decoration of the interior, is also the work of Mr. Cain; and in point of excellence, tends to be described as being among the same time, simple and unadorned.

The furniture of a little church should be the font well described. In your correspondence I stated and was called out to me by Mr. George Moore, East Park Hotel, where he lay in nature's laboratory, or the faith and devotion needed to carry out a work in which I have found so many difficulties. My mother, however, helped me to understand the importance of the

work, and perhaps his sons do not walk in his footsteps. The reason of this was because Esterbrooks always took care to see that the road in front of his farm was kept in good shape. He kept a sharp lookout, and when he saw the surface broken, repaired it, and when he saw the drains getting clogged, opened them. This he did simply out of good citizenship, and he used to say that it did not take twenty-four hours in a year to keep the road in good shape. "Reader, go then and do likewise," if not in the actual carriage way, at least on the sides of the roads, where rubbish is apt to accumulate. If you do this your will be exalted in the land.

MRI. RICHARDSON, EX-M.P.

Mr. R. L. Richardson, until recently a member of the House of Commons from Lisgar, Manitoba, and a politician who describes himself as an Independent Liberal, has written a letter complaining bitterly that Sir Wilfrid Laurier could have stopped all proceedings against him for bribery and corruption and did not. Sir Wilfrid replies in a very sarcastic tone, and informs Mr. Richardson in effect that he is a fraud of the first water. "People will now understand," says the usually urbane Premier, "your shucks against political rascality."

The point of this observation lies in the fact that Mr. Richardson was proved to have always posed as an opponent of "corporate influences." Not very many politicians have been as badly sat upon as the late member for Lisgar has been by the man whom he regarded in a sort of way as his political chief. He represents a class of parasites in public life, men with a certain kind of address and a certain degree of ability, who levy a species of blackmail upon corporations and wealthy individuals. They make great professions of independence in public, and do the dirty work of their masters in private. Most people know the breed. They are always ready to shriek out against the alleged oppressors of the people, but they are also careful to see nothing is done that will injure those whom they condemn. The name of the dear people is ever on their tongue, and the dollars of the blotted corporations are ever in their pockets. They are catholic in their views. Today they will accept funds from one company, tomorrow from another. All's right that comes to their net. But whether the dollars come out of this corporation or out of that, they have always on tap a lot of demagogic palaver about the rights of the people, with which they are able to some extent to deceive a certain class of voters. Mr. Richardson is not unique. "There are others."

Some correspondents have a habit of sending us letters written on very broad sheets of paper. This is exceedingly inconvenient to handle. It is surely unreasonable to ask those who favor newspapers with their views, to use paper of ordinary width. We had a letter some time ago from a man, who used a sheet of wrapping paper, and wrote across it the longest way. It floated gently into the waste-basket, and the writer was so mad about it that he made a speech on a certain occasion about twenty minutes long in which he expressed very emphatic views about the Colonist. Another notion which some people have is that newspapers will preserve their letters indefinitely, when they are not printed. No paper professes to do anything of the kind. If a correspondent does not find his letter printed the day after he sends it in, and wants it back again, he had better waste no time in asking for it.

The coming race will attract even more attention than any of the preceding ones, and largely because Sir Thomas Lipton has come back for a second trial. All the world loves a man who has the courage to try again. Sir Thomas says he wants good sailing breezes. There speaks the British sailor. No drifting for him. He wants to see the white caps on the waves, and a wet deck has no terrors for him. May the breezes blow and may Shamrock carry the cup back with her!

THE SUMMER OF 1816.

If the recollections of the Danville Ill. News are at fault, the summer cannot be said to have been a glorious one. Along in April, when the garden should have been exhibiting signs of active life, the snow on the ground was from four to five feet deep. May saw the surface of the soil melted, and the ground could not be reached for planting purposes except by tunneling. In June the snow had disappeared, but the ground was still frozen hard, and garden tools, the latter of which another fall occurred which made sketching good in Danville and vicinity for several days.

In the morning of July 4th water froze in the wells and pitchers of the early settlers, and there was excellent skating on the neighborhood ponds. Snow fell towards noon, and the Indians said that the Indians were held in alarm, warned by blazing log fires, and were harpooned by men and women in mid-winter clothing.

The spring, when it came in reality, was so severe and severe that the ground was still frozen in August. The corn, which had struggled against adverse circumstances, went to tassel so early that it was useless except as fodder. Corn from other parts of the country was sent to the spring of 1815 farmers were obliged to provide themselves with corn grown in 1815. All breadstuffs went up, and a hour a year afterwards sold at a premium.

As a matter of fact there was no summer in the vicinity of Danville in 1816 and the files of the Danville News for that period prove it. The weather was extremely bad, and the crops failed. The rains were heavy, and the streams overflowed, causing much damage.

The public health was never better. The winters passed, and following the snows were intensely cold, and as the people in those days knew none of the conveniences of steam-heated flats and were wholly ignorant of comforts derived from contact with the modern arts, the cold was not suffered, and the sun, though most of necessity, have been intense.

The public health was never better.

There were the usual meetings and gatherings everywhere. Although the crops were failing, the spirits of the people never drooped, and their confidence in Illinois as a corn producer never weakened. The sturdy pioneers and first settlers went about their business just as usual.

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**Watchful Care**

Is indispensable in the compounding of the prescription on which depends the recovery of the invalid.

We assert that our prescription department is fully up-to-date, and under the care of trained pharmacists of experience.

Our night clerk is a graduate of Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto.

Cyrus H. Bowes

Chemist.

98 Government St., near Yates St., Victoria, B.C. OPEN ALL THE TIME.

**School Books****SCHOOL SUPPLIES.**

Our Exercise Books and Scribblers are the BEST VALUE in the city for the money.

Adjustable Book Covers, Blotters and Rulers given away.

ORMOND'S

Bookstore, - 92 Government St.

Will Meet Regularly.—The police commissioners have decided to hold a meeting on the first Wednesday in each month hereafter.

General Meeting.—On Wednesday evening next there will be a general meeting of the board of management of the B. C. Agricultural Association.

Houses for Ladysmith—D. F. McCrimmon, contractor of this city, has been awarded the contracts for the erection of fifty new houses in the town of Ladysmith, some of which are now well under way toward completion.

Will Speak Here.—W. H. Webber, of the Y. M. I., will give an address next Sunday evening to the local councils. He is known to be a fine speaker, and doubtless his address will be highly interesting.

Road Work.—John Sproat, road superintendent of the New Westminster district, is here for the purpose of consulting with the chief commissioner of roads and works with regard to certain road work contracts which are to be let in the near future.

Will be of Stone.—The congregation of the First Congregational church have decided to erect a stone church on the lot recently purchased by them at the corner of Blanchard and Pandora streets. Work will probably commence shortly.

The ex-Premier.—Among the visitors to the Parliament buildings yesterday was ex-Premier C. A. Semlin, and a party of friends who arrived on Wednesday night from the upper country. Mr. Semlin recently returned from the Buffalo exposition, and is now spending a vacation in Victoria. He called on a number of the ministers and his old friends in the civil service department.

Will Mobilize.—In regard to deferring mobilization, or changing the date, so as not to conflict with the Labor Day celebration, the efforts of the Trades and Labor Council have failed. The order has been given, and on Sunday and Monday, September 1 and 2, the mobilization will take place. The Fifth Regiment has not been relieved from parade. They will march down to Macaulay Point for the day's exercises, and will march back late in the afternoon, but they will not be obliged to go under canvas. The parade at the drill hall will be at 7:15, and each man must carry in his haversack sufficient rations for the day, for which 25 cents will be allowed.

Police Court.—Although the city tax collector has not yet been able to prove that Ah Song is more than 17 years of age, he has not yet given up the attempt. Song is the only Chinaman who was appointed for the amount of his revenue tax, and was only seventeen years of age. The authorities believe he is old enough to pay taxes, but it is another matter to prove this. They tried first at the Victoria custom house, Chinamen having to give their ages among other particulars when entering the country, but there is no record there, and now the collector has sent to Vancouver in an effort to get the information. Pending an answer the case has been remanded until Thursday next. The only other case in the court yesterday was that of a drunk, who was fined \$2.50.

Brewers Organize.—A branch of the National Union of the United Brewery Workmen of the United States was last night organized. A president and secretary were appointed, pro tem, pending the arrival of a charter, when a general election of officers will take place. Nearly all the brewery workers of the city were present and signed the roll as charter members. Arrangements are under way to make the United Brewery Workers of the United States international in its workings and purposes, so that it embraces all unions in Canada as well as those of the United States. Several members of the Victoria Trades and Labor Council were present, and addressed the brewery men at considerable length on the advantages of organization. The meeting adjourned to meet again Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.

Harry Maynard was elected president for tem, and W. H. Shewan was elected secretary, pro tem.

Celebrated Preacher.—William McNeill, secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, has received letters from his brother, Rev. John McNeill, the celebrated Scottish preacher, which the latter states that he will visit Victoria. Rev. Mr. McNeill will take part in the Bible conference at Winona Lake, Wisconsin, on the 28th. He will then come west via the C. P. R., and he hopes to arrive here on the 3rd or 4th of September. His youngest brother, Rev. Joseph McNeill, of Pierceton, N.Y., will accompany him. The reverend gentlemen will spend a week or ten days here with their brother, before returning East, when they will make a short stay at Banff. It is expected that Rev. John McNeill will preach at least once during his visit, and probably many lectures on one of the evenings of the week as well. The prospectus of the Winona conference says of him: "We have been trying for a year to secure the presence of Rev. John McNeill, the great Scottish preacher, and at last we have received word from him that he has accepted our invitation, and will be with us. He will preach every night during the conference. Mr. Moody counted Rev. John McNeill the greatest preacher in the world. Probably there is no more suggestive preacher to preachers than he."

We have imported a unique assortment of Damascus Brass goods, which we are selling at very reasonable figures. Weller Bros.

For good and up-to-date furniture, at lowest cash prices, call in at the B. C. Furniture Co.'s store, 60 Government street, and be convinced. J. Schl, mgr.

Opposition Steamer Rosalie sails at 9:00 a.m., daily except Saturday, for Seattle. E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agent.

The Victoria News Co., stationers and booksellers, offers at very reasonable prices Office and School Supplies. R. T. Williams, manager, 86 Yates street.

We have imported a unique assort-

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Very latest London and New York styles for the Fall Season are arriving every day.

Step in and see them. Just the style for YOU.

STIFF HATS

Very latest London and New York

styles for the Fall Season are arriving

every day.

Step in and see them. Just the style

for YOU.

Sea & Gowen

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

Douglas St. Victoria.

Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd.**DEALERS IN HARDWARE**

Iron, Pipe, Fittings, and Brass Goods.
Building, Mining and Logging Supplies a Specialty.
Lawn Mowers, Hose and Garden Tools.

WHARF STREET

Victoria, B. C.

Steele's Saloon

Bastion Square

The following is the menu for Friday:

BEEF BROTH.
ROAST PORK, APPLE SAUCE.
FRIED SALMON.
CRAB SALAD.
PORK AND BEANS.

TYPING

PAPER

55c. Per Ream Upwards.

POPE STATIONERY CO.

Tel. 271 119 Government St.

Eight Names**Yet Unknown****Fred Rekate, Portland; Mrs. Larkins, Seattle, Among Islander Victims.****Hating Expected at Vancouver Today With Purser and Other Survivors.****Steamer Hating of the C. P. N. Co. is expected to reach Vancouver today from Juan de Fuca.****Band at Hill.****Fifth Regiment Band to Give Another of Friday Evening Series Tonight.****At Beacon Hill tonight the Fifth Regiment band will give the fourth of their Friday night series of band concerts. The programme to be presented is as follows:****PART I.****March—"Nightingale," Wagner****Overture—"Bohemian Girl," Balfe****Selection—"The Singing Girl,"****Containing: "The Way Below,"****"Song of the Bells,"****"The Star-Spangled Banner,"****"The Star-Spangled Banner,"</b**

SOME MILITARY ABSURDITIES

Comical Findings By the Committee on British Army Clothing.

From Cassell's Journal.

The committee on army clothing which sits at Pall Mall takes itself much too seriously even to dream of indulging in wanton humor. Nevertheless, many of its regulations appear rather whimsical to the mere civilian, and one or two examples may afford our readers a little amusement. In the spring of 1896 it was decided that for real soldiering a field marshal's spurs ought to be made of steel. A very considerate foot-note, however, was added to the army order, to the effect that "brass spurs may continue in wear until worn out." This act of consideration for a warrior whose pay is £16 8s. 9d. per diem has doubtless diverted our latest field marshal, the German Emperor. Another curious regulation is connected with the working dress of Royal Engineers, whose officers "when employed upon balloon duties," are required to provide themselves with hunting spurs.

Much leniency is also shown to officers in the matter of their swords. A full-blown general ought by rights to possess two, one of them being a scimitar with an ivory handle for full dress, while for undress uniform the general is supposed to retain the sword which he used when in charge of a regiment. If, however, he likes to sell this, he is quite at liberty to do so, and to use his full-dress scimitar on all occasions. Many of us remember the exciting scenes in "Bitter Days" when the sword used by Lieut. Wormald during the cavalry charge at Omdurman was reported to have buckled up like a strip of timplate. In this connection it is interesting to observe the nice gradation of strength that the Commander-in-Chief expects the swords used by his officers to have. Thus an infantry officer or a Royal Engineer must provide himself with a strong blade, able when held upright, to bend a weight of 32 pounds without breaking. Cavalry officers, however, are supposed to do more delicate work, and the breaking strain of their swords must only be 16 pounds, while general officers are not supposed to go beyond the thick of the fight, and the weight with which their scimitars are tested is only 10 pounds.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Davies, Portland, Ore., are guests at the Vernon. They will spend a week in Victoria, and at Shawanigan Lake, is staying at the Balmoral. Wm. Gillespie, Active Pass, is at the Arthur Hotel, a Toronto commercial man, is staying at the Vernon. J. A. Waddle and wife, Portland, Ore., are guests at the Victoria. Captain Buskirk Monroe, Wash., is at the Queen's hotel. Chas. Meyers, Seattle, is registered at the Queen's hotel.

A. G. Folger, wife and daughter, Saugus, are guests at the Dominion. Mr. Folger is one of the principal owners of Key City mine at Mount Steer. He has been inspecting the property and is greatly pleased with the results. Von Tempsey, wife and two children, are guests at the Victoria. Mr. Von Tempsey is a planter from the Hawaiian Islands. He and his family have been to Banff.

Mr. H. Ramon, Seattle, is staying at the Queen's hotel. G. N. Mason, Portland, is at the Dawson, and a guest at the Vernon. Wm. Bell, Portland, is registered at the Balmoral. Miss M. Bullard, Vancouver, is a guest at the Victoria. G. L. Robbins and wife, Porterville, Cal., are staying at the Dominion.

J. C. Giger, Philadelphia, is at the Victoria. H. Canus, Vancouver, is a guest at the Queen's hotel. Rev. W. D. Worcester, and wife, Honolulu, are guests at the Dominion. They have been spending a holiday and will return to the Hawaiian Islands.

S. D. Williams, Queensland, is at the Victoria. Mrs. E. Morrison, Nanaimo, is a guest at the Vernon. F. Harrison, Wexbridge, England, who has been staying at the Victoria hotel, will leave by this morning's train for Cowichan Lake.

E. F. Granville Christmas, Saanich, who is spending a short holiday in Victoria, is staying at the Dominion hotel.

Mrs. Jacob Todd, Seattle, is staying at the Queen's hotel.

Mrs. Wm. Finch, Seattle, is a guest at the Balmoral.

Mrs. J. Thomas, Nanaimo, is a guest at the Dominion.

A. Blomfield, a Vancouver commercial man, is staying at the Victoria.

Mrs. Gogo, Nanaimo, is a guest at the Dominion.

Dr. W. Westphal and wife, San Francisco, who have been staying at the Victoria hotel, will leave for Cowichan Lake by this evening's train.

Miss Mamie Neale, Nanaimo, is a guest at the Dominion.

Jas. Hirst, Seattle, is at the Dominion.

W. J. Gifford and wife, Toronto, are guests at the Dominion.

E. Williams, Portland, is registered at the Balmoral.

W. E. Russell, Walla Walla, is at the Victoria.

F. Harvey and wife, Tacoma, are guests at the Dominion.

Mrs. E. McNeill, Tacoma, is staying at the Victoria.

M. C. McKenzie, Lethbridge, Alberta, is a guest at the Dominion.

Mrs. Abraham E. Smith and Miss Lillian Smith, wife and daughter of the United States consul, left on the Majestic last evening for a two weeks tour of the Yellow Stone Park. Consul Smith accompanied them as far as Seattle.

Mr. E. French, of San Francisco, who has been visiting Mrs. Geo. Simpson for the last several weeks, left this morning on the S. S. Puebla for home.

Mr. French returned from the Sound yesterday and went up to Chehalis on the morning train.

Steve O'Brien returned yesterday from Seattle.

John J. D. Prentiss returned last evening from the Mainland.

Among the Victorians returning from the Mainland last evening were R. R. Seabrook, A. E. Todd and S. P. Moody.

NEXT YEAR."

How People Are Always Planning For Their Gardens.

"One thing that I mind most about a garden," said an enthusiastic worker, "is the way we learn over periods, and take time off. One would think we were born ignorant of the art, and were born to it, but we can plan and work for the future. Next year, I say to my family, 'I intend having our own strawberries and asparagus, or hollyhocks, roses, whatever trees?' and they say, 'Yes, we can do that.'"

"Now, your honor," remonstrated one of the lawyers, in a plaintive tone, "I must maintain that your honor should not ask such a question as that. You have no right—"

"What's that?" demanded the court, with asperity. "Do you mean to sit there an' tell me that I don't have the right to ask all the questions I want to in my own courtroom?"

"Well, your honor, it doesn't seem the question has anything to do with this particular case. Now—"

"Hold on. It does. I want to make one job of this thing. If he had been drinking hard stuff, I want to know who sold it to him, and then fine that man for sellin' liquor. There's been too much drinkin' round in this place lately."

"But that isn't connected with this case."

"I tell ye it is. You look pretty sharp or I'll fine you for contempt of court." The lawyer made a grimace behind his hand, and then said, blandly:

"Your honor's enquiry is all right as a question of fact. But I have watched your honor's course carefully in the past, and I have found your honor, being so thoroughly grounded in the law and procedure, has always made us follow carefully the liberty of insisting on practice that your honor has laid down."

Local News

JUSTICE AT COBB'S CORNER

Magistrate Had His Decision Ready Written Before Trial Came Off.

When the court "sets" in Cobb's Corner, Me., "she sets" in the hall over the post office. The postmaster is the local magistrate. He rents the hall to the Independent Order of Good Templars. Their mottoes are hanging on the walls. There are only four men in Cobb's Corner who ever "tear up," as the local expression has it. After the neighborhood has endured them for about so long, the constable "turns to" and arrests them. The trials come off in the hall, and the mottoes, "Seek Not Mixed Drinks," "Wine is a Mockery," "Touch not, Taste Not," etc., are calculated to produce a salutary effect on the minds of the culprits. The furniture of the hall is composed of settles and salt boxes filled with sawdust. The justice has a desk on the platform.

A few days ago one of the Horne boys at Cobb's Corner got into trouble, says a Maine correspondent of the New York Tribune. People had been expecting the Horne boy to get into trouble for some time. He steals. His folks say he cannot help it, and for a long time his misdeeds have been pardoned. But after this recent affair they thought he ought to have a lesson. So the constable "took him up." Here's what the boy had done. He went down to his brother-in-law's place and stole the best cow and the relative's wedding suit. Three weeks before that, in the absence of the family for the day, he had stolen a small load of hay, three bushels of peat moss and a firkin of butter. The family was away when he took the cow and suit. The charge brought against the Horne boy by his brother-in-law was mischief. He simply wanted to scare the youngster, not to send him to prison.

The postmaster brings up into the hall and laid on the desk a big black book, a fresh bottle of ink, three or four pens and a plug of tobacco. He took the Chief Templar's gavel and rapped for order.

"There ain't no room for argument," rapped the court, and he brought down his fist and mashed another fly without knowing it. "You could talk all day and you couldn't change my opinion. I know all about this case. I've had the opinion writ for two days."

And then his honor drew a folded paper from his inside pocket and read his decision. It was that the Horne boy was guilty, and in thunderous tones the court called upon him to stand up.

"I would like to make the argument, now interrupted the lawyer for the defense."

"There ain't no room for argument," rapped the court, and he brought down his fist and mashed another fly without knowing it. "You could talk all day and you couldn't change my opinion. I know all about this case. I've had the opinion writ for two days."

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